

RECORD BREAKING
ENROLLMENT MADE
IN CITY'S SCHOOLSFigures for Opening Day
Show Increase Beyond
All Expectations.PRINCIPALS WANT
LONGER SESSIONSObjections Expected on Account of
Drills—To Seek Co-operation
of Parents.Enrollment Figures Shown
in Report

White High Schools.....	3,201
Colored High Schools.....	1,245
Normal School No. 1.....	197
Normal School No. 2.....	162
White Grade schools.....	26,330
Colored Grade schools.....	11,435
Total enrollment, 1910.....	42,570
Total enrollment opening day last year.....	41,162

An increase in public school attendance beyond all expectations was reported today when the figures of the first day's enrollment reached the office of the Board of Education.

Since yesterday was rainy it is predicted that the new pupils reported by tomorrow will bring the total to an unprecedented number for the second day of school.

Yesterday 42,570 pupils were enrolled, as compared with 41,162 on the opening day last year.

These were distributed as follows:

White high schools.....	3,201
Colored high schools.....	1,245
Normal School No. 1.....	197
Normal School No. 2.....	162
White grade schools.....	26,330
Colored grade schools.....	11,435

The enrollment of new pupils has also been delayed by the vaccination requirements. These pupils, though given certificates, are not reported as actually enrolled until they are vaccinated.

When the committee of the Board of Education on normal, high, and manual training schools meets this afternoon an organization will be effected and problems of interest to high schools will be discussed.

The most important of these will be the plea of the high school principals that the session of their schools, be lengthened. The high school classes now adjourn at 2 o'clock. The pupils do not assemble until 9 o'clock and actual recitations do not start until 9:30 o'clock. This does not give adequate time for class work, the principals say, in a letter to the board, and it is proposed to extend the time until 2:30 o'clock.

Drills May Interfere.

Objection may be made to this plan on account of the drills. The companies now drill for an hour and forty-five minutes, and owing to the length of time in assembling and the required to reach drill grounds on avenues often many blocks away from the schools, the drill period runs late into the evening.

Starting the drill a half hour later, it is said, would cause serious inconvenience to the cadets.

An effort will be made this year to obtain the co-operation of parents in enforcing the compulsory drill law. Under an act of Congress passed last year, male high school pupils are required to join the cadet companies unless they are physically incapacitated for such work or unless their parents make complaint in writing to the principal of the school they attend.

Too Many Escaped.

Too many pupils escaped service last season, it is said, under the parents' permission clause, and an effort will be made this year to investigate every case in which an excuse is asked for.

WEATHER REPORT.

Scattered showers have again occurred in the central valleys and the northern and middle Atlantic States. Generally fair weather with but slight changes in temperature will prevail east of the Mississippi, although conditions will remain somewhat unsettled in the north Atlantic and middle Atlantic States.

The winds along the New England and middle Atlantic coast will be moderate variable.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT.

Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday; possibly unsettled tonight; not much change in temperature.

TEMPERATURES.

8 a. m.....	65
9 a. m.....	66
10 a. m.....	68
11 a. m.....	70
12 noon.....	72
1 p. m.....	73
2 p. m.....	74

SUN TABLE.

Sun rises.....	5:54
Sun sets.....	6:52

TIDE TABLE.

Today—High tide, 8:45 a. m. and 9:02 p. m.; low tide, 2:50 a. m. and 3:05 p. m.
Tomorrow—High tide, 8:32 a. m. and 8:50 p. m.; low tide, 2:37 a. m. and 2:50 p. m.

CONDITION OF THE WATER.

HARPERS FERRY, W. Va., Sept. 20. Potomac clear and Shenandoah very cloudy.

Flooding—Very Pretty—\$2.25 per 100 ft. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th & N. Y. Ave. Adv.

ROOSEVELT'S MOVE
CHECKMATES PLANProposition to Spring Taft
Indorsement at Convention
Headed Off.COLONEL KNOWS
WHERE HE STANDSSeeking Conference With President,
However, Shows New York
Situation Is Acute.

By JOHN SNURE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The desperate nature of the struggle in New York State between the old guard and the progressives for control of the Republican State convention eight days hence, could not be more strongly emphasized than it was by the action of Theodore Roosevelt in seeking a conference with President Taft in New Haven.

In his Western trip and in his speeches generally, Roosevelt has ignored Taft as completely as possible. The nearest he has come to giving the President an indorsement, however, was limited to certain specified achievements of the Administration and was not a general and sweeping indorsement. President Taft's friends have not been pleased over Roosevelt's attitude.

To Know Where He Stands.

That Roosevelt, under such circumstances should have sought an interview with Mr. Taft means only that he and his friends felt it important to see the President and know just where he stood in the New York fight. It means, too, that despite all claims, Roosevelt and his friends know the situation as to control of the convention is close, and that Woodruff, Barnes, and their followers are pressing them desperately.

It is believed here that the specific thing that drove Roosevelt to make his hurried trip to see Taft was the proposition of William Barnes, Jr., the Albany boss, to put Roosevelt in a hole at Saratoga by springing a resolution strongly indorsing Mr. Taft for renomination and re-election in 1912.

Had this come up in convention and Roosevelt been forced to take a stand on it, it would have been intensely embarrassing to him.

Removes Obstacle.

As it is, while it must have cost the colonel an effort to go to New Haven to see President Taft under all these circumstances, the matter of indorsement for 1912 has been thrust out of the way. President Taft will get a strong indorsement of his Administration, and wants nothing more. He does not seek a 1912 indorsement.

To have got rid of this embarrassing proposition in time for small achievement for Roosevelt. When the shrewd boss of Albany, William Barnes, conceived this plan of indorsement, he knew it would give Roosevelt many a bad half hour.

But it is clear that Roosevelt has met the proposition with a bit of strategy as clever as Barnes. Though he had to go to see President Taft in person to meet the Barnes proposition, he has nevertheless, blocked the Barnes scheme and has, moreover, re-enforced the fight against the Barnes scheme by apparently lining the Administration up on his side.

Roosevelt's Attitude.

The seeming anxiety of Roosevelt over the 1912 indorsement of Taft will lead those of people to leap to the conclusion he himself has his eye on the 1912 nomination. Roosevelt's friends say this does not follow. They say that Roosevelt realized that the Western progressives would have been sore if the New York convention with the acquiescence of Roosevelt had put through a resolution indorsing the Taft re-election, the old bosses by apparently lining the Administration up on his side.

It looks today as if the old guard would be beaten at Saratoga. The progressives profess to believe they will have 271 out of the 405 votes in the convention. Roosevelt can probably have the temporary chairmanship, but the old guard is fighting tooth and nail to have its say in the resolutions in the permanent organization of the party, and the make-up of the new State committee.

BATTLE OF RACES
NOW IMPENDINGArmed Whites March to Arrest
"Calvary," Fanatical
Negro Preacher.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Sept. 20.—A battle between whites and blacks will be fought in the trouble-ridden Clismon neighborhood in the event "Calvary," the colored leader of the uprising, resists arrest and calls upon his followers for aid. Sheriff Watts, of Albemarle county, and ten deputies, all well-known white citizens, are en route to capture "Calvary."

The whites are determined to put an end, by force if necessary, to the uprising of the blacks under their fanatical leader, who has taught the blacks to insult white women on the highways and to threaten the lives of white men. A rumor is current here that "Calvary" has left his former stronghold near the Louisa line, and has escaped to parts unknown. Later reports, however, indicate "Calvary" and his band still are in the Clismon neighborhood and are ready for trouble.

The sheriff's posse is armed and determined to bring to a close the uprising that has spread terror throughout the entire Clismon section. Sheriff Watts will attempt to serve warrants issued by both Albemarle and Louisa counties.

GUARDING SCHOOLS
AGAINST CONTAGIONPupils From Homes Containing
Infantile Paralysis
Cases Barred.ORDER ANNOUNCED
BY DR. WOODWARDDistrict Health Officer Sets Four-
teen-Day Period for Exclusion.
Disbelieves in Fowl Theory.Status of Fight Against
Infant Malady

Pupils from homes where there is a case of infantile paralysis must not attend school for fourteen days following the last exposure.

Canvass of all houses in the District to determine prevalence of disease, to be conducted under direction of Health Department.

Health Officer Woodward declares theory that fowls are responsible for spread of infantile paralysis is untenable.

Pupils in whose homes there is a case of infantile paralysis will be excluded from the public schools for a period of fourteen days following the last exposure to the patient, according to an announcement of Health Officer Woodward today.

Realizing that with the opening of the school year there is an added danger of contagion, the Health Department will adopt measures of precaution for the prevention of the disease. The pupils will be carefully observed by the medical inspectors and teachers, it was said, and upon the appearance of the first symptoms of infantile paralysis will be sent to their homes.

While the law does not provide for the isolation of cases of infantile paralysis, the attendance at school of children who have been exposed to the disease, or who have given indication of illness, may be prohibited.

The problem of what to do with school children was discussed at a American Public Health Association of which Health Officer Woodward is secretary.

Exclusion Favored.

"It was the general consensus of opinion that the safety of the public demanded that the children who have been exposed to the disease should not be permitted to attend school for a period of at least two weeks," said Health Officer Woodward today.

In view of what is known of the disease and its apparent contagion, the greatest care should be observed. While, of course, children who are actual sufferers from infantile paralysis will not attend school, the situation demands care in preventing the attendance of those who may have been exposed to the disease.

A canvass will be made of the houses in the District in which there are patients suffering from infantile paralysis, and the children of these houses will be given a thorough vaccination, dating from their last exposure.

Health Officer Woodward does not hold to the theory that fowls are in any way responsible for the spread of infantile paralysis or any other contagious disease with which human beings are afflicted.

Infection Doubtful.

"Cases have been reported of chickens as well as domestic animals, such as dogs and cats, becoming afflicted with infantile paralysis, the disease appearing during an epidemic of the disease among human beings," said the Health Officer.

"Such reports are not authentic, however. I am not of the opinion that the present prevalence of the disease can be traced to the chickens, nor do I believe that the fowls are carriers of typhoid fever or other germs. The only way in which a chicken can spread typhoid fever is to get some of the germs into its feet and then take a bath in the milk pail or promenade on the lettuce or other fresh vegetables in the garden."

"The theory that chickens are responsible for the spread of typhoid fever or infantile paralysis in my opinion, is not tenable, though I am always open for argument."

Following an examination of three chickens which died on the farm of a sufferer from infantile paralysis, at Bethesda, Md., Dr. E. Schroeder, in charge of the Government experiment station at that place, gives it as his opinion that the fowls died of dyspepsia, and not from the malady which for months has baffled the physicians of the District.

NEW YORK CENTRAL
TRAIN KILLS THREE

TONAWANDA, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Stepping in front of a fast-moving passenger train the approach of which was obscured by a heavy fog, three men, employed in a section gang on the New York Central railroad, were killed today.

STEAMER AND BARGE
COLLIDE IN LAKE FOG

SAULTE STE. MARIE, Mich., Sept. 20.—The lake steamer Lakeland and the barge John Smeaton collided in the fog near the Soo canal this morning, and both were badly damaged, although no one was hurt. The Lakeland went aground. The bow of the Smeaton cut through the sleeping quarters of the crew of the Lakeland, and several had narrow escapes from death.

School Books, Second-Hand and New. Lowdermilk & Co., 1426 F St.—Adv.

THREE BALLOONS
ARE REPORTED SAFE
IN NEW YORK CLUB

"New York," "Miss Sophia," and "The Buckeye" Are Accounted For.

AIDE BALDWIN TELLS
OF STORMY VOYAGEGreat Bag Has Wild Ride During
Night With Two Occu-
pants in Car.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Reports which reached the office of the Aero Club of America about 11:30 today have cleared up the mystery which until that time surrounded the disappearance of the three balloons, New York, Miss Sophia, and the Buckeye. All three have been heard from.

Since the time the thirteen balloons left Indianapolis Saturday these three had not been heard from. No anxiety was felt for the safety of their captains and aides until this morning, when continued absence of any reports gave officials here and at Indianapolis grave worry.

It looked to officials here today as if the balloons had been blown into the sea. It looked to officials at Indianapolis as if the balloons had been blown into the sea. It looked to officials at Indianapolis as if the balloons had been blown into the sea.

Shortly after 11 o'clock this morning officials of the Aero Club of America received a telegram from Pilot J. H. Wade, of the balloon, Buckeye. The telegram read:

Telegram Explains.

"Balloon Buckeye landed in the mountains at 7:30 Monday morning, one mile southeast of Showalter, Floyd county, Va. Impossible to wire earlier."

The telegram was sent from Christiansburg, Va.

About fifteen minutes after the receipt of the report from the men in charge of the Buckeye a second telegram dated from Christiansburg, W. Va., informed Aero Club officials that the Miss Sophia had landed in an out of the way spot in West Virginia about 6 o'clock Sunday evening. So far away from any sort of communication was the landing place that it was impossible for those in charge of the Miss Sophia to let their friends know of the safety until this morning.

Baldwin, aide of Pilot Clifford in the balloon New York, was the most spectacular one of the three.

Baldwin Reports.

Apparently unmindful of the fact that the entire country was alarmed for the safety of his balloon, the New York, which had not been reported since it started in the championship race at Indianapolis Saturday, Capt. Thomas Baldwin, the aide of pilot Clifford B. Harmon, appeared at the Aero Club of America today and reported that the New York landed near Portsmouth, Ohio, at 5 o'clock Sunday evening.

"I supposed, of course, that everyone knew about our having landed," Baldwin said, in explaining his silence. "Although I have been in the air very long, we had a hard time of it and for fourteen hours we had the hardest fight with adverse winds that I ever experienced."

"We ran into hot sunshine, cold winds, thunder, lightning and rain in rapid succession," Captain Baldwin said. "It kept us guessing to manage the balloon. Although we were in the air very long, we had a hard time of it and for fourteen hours we had the hardest fight with adverse winds that I ever experienced."

"Saturday night we were soaked by a cold rain. Sunday morning the sun shone brightly but the air was very long, we had a hard time of it and for fourteen hours we had the hardest fight with adverse winds that I ever experienced."

"The Aero Club of America which will officially announce the winner of the championship race in the balloon race which started from Indianapolis on Sunday announced at noon today that the balloons had officially landed from five of the balloons. The winner will not be announced until all the balloons have landed."

Officials Disappointed.

Officials of the Aero Club are keenly disappointed at the almost farcical ending of the race, as neither the records for endurance or distance were approached. It was the hope of the officials that three balloons could be found which might prove serious contenders in the International balloon race. The hope was that the balloons encountered unusually rough weather, and when final reports are received from all the pilots it may turn out that the performance was far more creditable than the time aloft indicates.

BALLOONIST TELLS
OF STORM IN AIR

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20.—Conyers Graham and Arthur T. Aherholt, the Philadelphia aeronauts who manned the Pennsylvania II in the balloon race from Indianapolis, returned here today battered and bruised as a result of the wrecking of their aircraft in a terrific storm at Dexter, Ohio, Sunday.

Both narrowly escaped with their lives, being caught 20,000 feet in the air with only three bags of ballast. They descended with such terrific force that their balloon rebounded a hundred feet.

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(Continued on Fourth Page.)

GAYNOR WILL OUST
POLICE HEAD BAKER

POLICE COMMISSIONER BAKER,
To Be Removed From Post By Order of Mayor Gaynor, of New York, on
Recommendation of Acting Mayor Mitchell.

CHARGES OF GRAFT
CAUSE OF REMOVAL
IN HARRIS MYSTERYActing Mayor Mitchell An-
nounces Decision That
Commissioner Must Go.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—New York is to have a new head for its police department.

Acting Mayor Mitchell announced today that Mayor Gaynor had indorsed his recommendation that Commissioner of Police Baker be removed.

This action follows charges of municipal graft and gross immorality now under investigation.

Mayor Gaynor will return to city hall within a few days, when Commissioner Baker will be officially relieved of his command of the department.

In a statement today the acting mayor said that he had held a long conference with the mayor at his St. James country home, when he laid before the city executive all the evidence which had been gathered showing that gambling flourished, evidently under police protection, throughout the city; that flagrant immorality was rampant under the eyes of the police at Coney Island; and that the ex-ls law was openly violated continually.

Whatever evidence may be in possession of the acting mayor stated that he recommended the dismissal of Commissioner Baker and Mayor Gaynor at once coincided.

MAY TAKE NO ACTION
IN GALLAGHER CASEGrand Jury to Postpone In-
dictment for Fear
Mayor Dies.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Sept. 20.—Supreme Court Justice Swayne, in charging the September grand jury of Hudson county here today, advised them to bring in no indictments against James J. Gallagher, the man who shot Mayor Gaynor.

Justice Swayne said that if Gallagher were indicted now for the charges against him, he could never be tried for murder if Mayor Gaynor should die within a year and a day, according to the New Jersey law.

"There are only two things on which Gallagher can be indicted," said Justice Swayne. "These are carrying concealed weapons and assault with intent to kill. And if Gallagher were convicted on both or either of these charges and the mayor were to die, Gallagher could not be tried again."

Justice Swayne advised no action on the part of the grand jury against Gallagher until a physician's official report had been received declaring the mayor to be beyond any possibility of death within a year and a day, because of the wound inflicted by Gallagher.

MOISSANT TO FLY
DESPITE HIGH WIND

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(Continued on Fourth Page.)

HUSBAND IS CRUEL,
SAYS MRS. HIGGINS,
SEEKING DIVORCEPhysician Drove Her From
Home, Charity's Subject,
She Claims.REFUSES TO SIGN
SEPARATION PLANIt Contained Humiliating Terms,
Wife Says—Others Sup-
port Charges.Charges Against Husband
by Mrs. Higgins

Her husband forced her to resort to charity of neighbors for shelter and food.

Tried "to force and coerce" her in presence of neighbors to sign an agreement couched "in the most humiliating terms."

Denied her admittance to her home since September 11, and the privilege of seeing her little daughter, Margaret, since that date.

Cruelty of a nature to endanger her health and life, together with an accusation that her husband has driven her from their home and that she has been "forced to resort to the charity of neighbors for a roof to shelter her head and for food to sustain her," are given as grounds for a divorce and maintenance in a suit filed in the Supreme Court today by Mrs. Anna Catherine Higgins against her husband, Dr. Daniel W. Higgins, a well-known physician.

A stormy scene was enacted in the Higgins home, 606 Pennsylvania avenue southeast, on September 11, following the return of Mrs. Higgins from a vacation spent at South River, Md., the petition states, and on the refusal of the wife to sign an agreement for separation, "after vile accusations had been made," the physician turned her from their home.

Without Support.

Mrs. Higgins alleges her husband tried to "force and coerce" her in the presence of neighbors to sign the agreement, which, the petition avers, was "couched in the most humiliating and insulting terms." The agreement also contained, it is alleged, "an uncertain promise" on the part of Dr. Higgins "to support her."

In an affidavit by Dr. C. M. Buckley, a dentist, living at 602 Pennsylvania avenue southeast, it is stated Mrs. Higgins is at his home, and that she is unable to support. Dr. Buckley also alleges the physician treated his wife cruelly.

In another affidavit, which was made a part of the suit, Miss Mary R. Armbricht, who says she has boarded at the Higgins home for five months, the charge of cruelty is reiterated, and Miss Armbricht alleges the cruelty extended to the daughter, who was "cruelly beaten."

Can't See Daughter.

Mrs. Higgins informed the court that she had not only been denied admittance to her home since September 11, but she had also been denied the privilege of seeing her little daughter, Margaret. She also said she believes Dr. Higgins has had the child taken from Washington in the last few days.

That Dr. Higgins is also preparing to leave Washington for the purpose of avoiding service in the suit instituted today was stated as Mrs. Higgins' belief.

The petition sets forth Dr. Higgins has "for a number of years persistently engaged in a course of cruel treatment" and the health of Mrs. Higgins has been endangered.

Chief Justice Stafford issued a rule in the case today requiring Dr. Higgins to show cause October 7 why he should not maintain and support his wife, pending the outcome of the suit for divorce, in which the wife also seeks custody of the child.

Dr. and Mrs. Higgins were married in Baltimore on January 13, 1901, by the Rev. Daniel W. Roth, pastor of All Saints Church. They have only one child.

Dr. Higgins this afternoon declined to answer his wife's allegations except to deny emphatically that he had turned her from home. Dr. Higgins said that he had employed an attorney to care for his interests and that his side of the marital controversy would be presented later.

APHASIA SUFFERER
REGAINS HIS MEMORY

CONWAY SPRINGS, Kan., Sept. 20.—After suffering a lapse of memory for two years, during which time he came here and became a bricklayer, George Becker, a former mayor of Stoughton, Wis., a wealthy merchant and contractor, has recovered and is going back to resume his old place in society.

Becker started on a short business trip to Madison two years ago, when his mind suddenly failed him. He was found by a neighbor and taken to his home. He recovered and is going back to resume his old place in society.

FLEET WILL BEGIN
DAYLIGHT PRACTICE

The Atlantic fleet, engaged in battle practice on the southern drill grounds, near the Virginia capes, last night concluded its night practice, according to wireless advices received at the Navy Department today. Rear Admiral Schroeder, commander-in-chief, reports that he expects to begin day practice tomorrow.

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